CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Eagle County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Board of Directors Cordillera Metropolitan District Eagle County, Colorado

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Cordillera Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Cordillera Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the financial position and change in financial position for the fiduciary trust fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wigger LLP

Wipfli LLP Lakewood, Colorado

July 30, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,627,479
Cash and Investments - Restricted	155,000
Accounts Receivable:	
County Treasurer	24,507
Other	63,026
Property Tax	4,620,880
Security Deposit	644
Prepaid Expense	215,352
Accrued Interest Receivable	323
Lease Receivable	119,048
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	7,285,224
Capital Assets, Net	7,631,544
Total Assets	24,743,027
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Security Deposits Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	599,575 159,034 62,566 960 822,135
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	4,620,880
Deferred Amounts Related to Leases	119,048
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,739,928
NET POSITION Net Investments in Capital Assets Restricted for:	14,916,768
Emergency Reserves	155,000
Unrestricted	4,109,196
Total Net Position	\$ 19,180,964
	<u> </u>

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

					-	Revenues			(Ex	et Revenues penses) and Change in let Position
				Charges	•	erating		Capital	-	
	r			for Semilana		nts and		ants and		overnmental
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	<u> </u>	Expenses		Services	Contr	ibutions	Con	tributions		Activities
Primary Government:										
Government Activities:										
General Government	\$	4,980,121	\$	379,438	\$	-	\$	4,799	\$	(4,595,884)
Public Safety		1,020,942	-	42,135		-		-		(978,807)
Equestrian Center		471,421		360,711		-		-		(110,710)
Interest on Long-Term Obligations and										
Related Costs		88,588		-		-		-		(88,588)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,561,072	\$	782,284	\$		\$	4,799		(5,773,989)
	GEN	IERAL REVEN	NUES:							
	Pr	operty Taxes								6,208,830
		ecific Owners		es						336,454
		et Investment I								138,498
		scellaneous In								18,018
	Ga	ain (loss) on Sa								34,000
		Total Genera	li Rever	lues						6,735,800
	CHA	NGE IN NET	POSITI	ON						961,811
	Net	Position - Begi	inning c	f Year						18,219,153
	NET	POSITION - I	END OI	F YEAR					\$	19,180,964

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Debt 9	Service			Capital	G	Total overnmental
	General		CMD		MD	Reserve		Project	0	Funds
ASSETS								2		
Cash and Investments	\$ 3.096.841	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	1,530,638	\$	4,627,479
Cash and Investments - Restricted	155,000	Ŷ	-	Ŧ	-	÷ -	Ŷ	-	Ŧ	155,000
Receivable - County Treasurer	24,507		-		-	-		-		24,507
Accounts Receivable	63,026		-		-	-		-		63,026
Security Deposit	644		-		-	-		-		644
Prepaid Expense	215,352		-		-	-		-		215,352
Property Tax Receivable	4,620,880		-		-	-		-		4,620,880
Total Assets	\$ 8,176,250	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$	1,530,638	\$	9,706,888
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$ 91,189	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	508,386	\$	599,575
Accrued Liabilities	159,034		-		-	-		-		159,034
Unearned Revenue	960		-		-	-		-		960
Security Deposits	62,566		-	. <u> </u>	-			-		62,566
Total Liabilities	313,749		-		-	-		508,386		822,135
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	4,620,880		-		-	-		-		4,620,880
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,620,880		-		-	-		-		4,620,880
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expense	215,352									215,352
Restricted for:	215,552		-		-	-		-		215,552
Emergency Reserve	155,000		-		-	-		-		155,000
Assigned:	,									,
Subsequent Year's Expenditures	781,938		-		-	-		-		781,938
Capital Projects Unassigned	- 2,089,331		-		-	-		1,022,252		1,022,252 2,089,331
Total Fund Balances	3,241,621		-					1,022,252		4,263,873
	0,241,021							1,022,202		4,200,070
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 8,176,250	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	1,530,638		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in th of net position are different because:	e statement									
Capital assets used in governmental activities a financial resources and, therefore, are not repor										14,916,768
Other long-term assets are not available to pay period expenditures and, therefore, are not repo in the funds										
Accrued Interest Receivable Lease Receivable										323 119,048
Deferred inflows of resources for leases are app periods, and, therefore, are not reported in the g Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Lea	governmental fund	s.								(119,048)
Net Position of Governmental Activities									\$	19,180,964
									Ť	2, 22,000

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Debt Service		Capital	Total Governmental
	General	CMD	CMMD	Reserve	Projects	Funds
DEV/ENUEQ						
REVENUES	¢ 4 000 004	¢ 054.440	¢ 500.400	٠	¢	¢ 0.000.000
Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes	\$ 4,688,981 254.088	\$ 951,440 51,581	\$ 568,409 30,785	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,208,830 336,454
Community Operations Revenue	254,088	51,561	30,785	-	-	63,969
Equestrian Center	360,711	-	-	-	-	360,711
Net Investment Income	105,726	- 16,848	11,376	375	-	134,325
Other Revenue	106,786	10,040	11,570	575	-	106,786
Public Safety Revenue	78,365	-	-	-	-	78,365
Water Tap Fees	70,505		_		199,120	199,120
Total Revenues	5,658,626	1,019,869	610,570	375	199,120	7,488,560
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Community Operations	2,021,189	-	_	-	-	2,021,189
Equestrian Center	471,421	-	-	-	-	471,421
General and Administration	1,290,198	28,609	17,075	332,406	_	1,668,288
Public Safety	1,020,942	-	-	-	_	1,020,942
Debt Service:	.,					.,,.
Bond Interest	-	22,877	15,170	-	-	38,047
Bond Principal	-	1,010,000	705,000	-	-	1,715,000
Capital Outlay:						
Capital Outlay/Expense	-	-	-	-	2,625,863	2,625,863
Total Expenditures	4,803,750	1,061,486	737,245	332,406	2,625,863	9,560,750
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	854,876	(41,617)	(126,675)	(332,031)	(2,426,743)	(2,072,190)
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	034,070	(41,017)	(120,075)	(332,031)	(2,420,743)	(2,072,190)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In (Out)	(2,244,517)	(226,508)	(170,273)	(80)	2,641,378	-
Sale of Equipment					34,000	34,000
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(2,244,517)	(226,508)	(170,273)	(80)	2,675,378	34,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,389,641)	(268,125)	(296,948)	(332,111)	248,635	(2,038,190)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	4,631,262	268,125	296,948	332,111	773,617	6,302,063
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,241,621	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,022,252	\$ 4,263,873

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (2,038,190)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital outlay, the conveyance of capital assets to other governments and depreciation expense in the current period are as follows: Current Year Capital Assets Depreciation	2,560,663 (1,271,128)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Lease Receivable	119,048
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases, and other obligations) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Loan Principal	1,715,000
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the fund financial statements. Interest Income Related to Leases Amortization of Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases	323 (119,048)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Accrued Loan Interest - Change in Liability	3,166
Amortization of Cost of Loan Refunding	 (8,023)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 961,811

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			dget			Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	1)	vegative)
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	4,706,113	\$	4,706,113	\$	4,688,981	\$	(17,132)
Specific Ownership Taxes	ψ	300,000	Ψ	300,000	Ψ	254,088	Ψ	(45,912)
Community Operations Revenue		15,000		15,000		63,969		48,969
Equestrian Center		434.745		434,745		360.711		(74,034)
Net Investment Income		25,000		25,000		105,726		80,726
Other Revenue		121,674		121,674		106,786		(14,888)
Public Safety Revenue		61.000		61.000		78,365		17,365
Total Revenues		5,663,532		5,663,532		5,658,626		/
Total Revenues		5,005,552		5,005,552		5,050,020		(4,906)
EXPENDITURES								
Community Operations:								
Wages and Benefits		1,059,032		1,131,552		1,094,791		36,761
Operations		837,943		910,606		926,398		(15,792)
Equestrian Center:		,		,		,		(,)
Wages and Benefits		303,867		315,342		315,349		(7)
Operations		147,944		161,110		156,072		5,038
General and Administration:		,		,				0,000
Wages and Benefits		505,552		463,144		481,260		(18,116)
Operations		753,696		895,456		808,938		86,518
Public Safety:				000,100		000,000		00,010
Wages and Benefits		946.149		967,156		950.724		16,432
Operations		64,289		69,288		70,218		(930)
Total Expenditures		4,618,472		4,913,654		4,803,750		109,904
·		.,		.,,		.,		,
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		1,045,060		749,878		854,876		104,998
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In (Out)		(2,641,378)		(2,641,378)		(2,244,517)		396,861
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,641,378)		(2,641,378)		(2,244,517)		396,861
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,596,318)		(1,891,500)		(1,389,641)		501,859
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		4,814,968		4,814,968		4,631,262		(183,706)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	3,218,650	\$	2,923,468	\$	3,241,621	\$	318,153

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT WILDLIFE MITIGATION FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	F	iduciary
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	250,968
Total Assets	\$	250,968
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
NET POSITION Held in Trust for Wildlife Mitigation Purposes	\$	250,968
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	250,968

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT WILDLIFE MITIGATION FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Fiduciary
REVENUES Net Investment Income Total Revenues	<u>\$ 138</u> 138
EXPENDITURES Paying Agent Fees Total Expenditures	<u> </u>
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	88
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	250,880
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 250,968

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Cordillera Metropolitan District (the District) is a quasi-municipal corporation organized and operated pursuant to provisions set forth in the Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to provide water, streets, safety controls, fire protection, cable television system, transportation and mosquito control within its boundaries which are located in Eagle County, Colorado. An amendment to the District's service plan in 1997 gave the District powers to provide parks and recreation facilities and services. An amended and restated service plan, approved in 2005, gave the District the authority to exercise all of the powers authorized pursuant to the Colorado Special District Act.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP used by the District are discussed below.

The District is governed by an elected Board which is responsible for setting policy, appointing administrative personnel and adopting an annual budget in accordance with the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act.

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits, to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria discussed above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or when the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* – *Cordillera Metropolitan District* is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources to be used for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and other related costs for debt issued by the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The *Debt Service Fund* – *Cordillera Mountain Metropolitan District* is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources to be used for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and other related costs for debt issued by Cordillera Mountain Metropolitan District prior to the consolidation with the District.

The *Debt Service Fund – Debt Service Reserve* is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources contributed by Cordillera Property Owners Association to be used restrictively and exclusively for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and other related costs for debt issued by Cordillera Metropolitan District and by Cordillera Mountain Metropolitan District prior to the consolidation with the District.

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary fund:

The *Wildlife Mitigation Trust Fund* is used to account for resources legally held in trust for use by the District for projects related solely to mitigating impacts on wildlife within the District. All investment earnings are available to be used for such projects at the direction of the District's wildlife mitigation committee. The trust agreement requires preservation of the principal balance of approximately \$170,700.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The District adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2022, and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

<u>Leases</u>

The District determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (Continued)

Lease receivables represent the District's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term.

Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guarantee payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

The District has elected to recognize payments received for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as revenue as the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the Entity has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Accounts Receivable, Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

User fees constitute a perpetual lien on or against the property served until paid. Such liens may be foreclosed upon as provided by the state of Colorado. Therefore, no provision for uncollectible receivables has been made in the financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported by the District. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives.

Infrastructure, Buildings, and Improvements	30 to 40 Years
Water and Sewer Systems	20 Years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 Years

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deposits Held

Deposits held represent refundable deposits held until the expiration of the lease, these are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds report the liability when due.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable. The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only when due.

Tap Fees and Contributed Assets

Tap fees are paid for the right to connect to water facilities and are recorded as capital contributions when received. Public improvements contributed to the District by other entities are recorded as capital contributions and additions to capital assets at estimated fair value when received.

Amortization

Cost of Refunding

In the government-wide financial statements, the deferred cost of refunding is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the refunding. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

Deferred Inflow of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

<u>Equity</u>

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as debt holders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,627,479
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 155,000
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,782,479

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 320,243
Investments	 4,462,236
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,782,479

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$322,918 and a carrying balance of \$320,243.

Citywide Bank Money Market Account

The Fiduciary Fund monies that are included in the trust accounts at Citywide Bank are invested in a Public Fund Premium Money Market Account. This portfolio is a money market and each share is equal in value to \$1.00.

Investments

The District has adopted a formal investment policy which follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
 - General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST PRIME)	Under 60 Days	\$ 4,462,236
		\$ 4,462,236

<u>COLOTRUST</u>

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S., including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, and highest rated commercial paper.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by FitchRatings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LEASES RECEIVABLE

The District, acting as lessor, licenses certain real property including its property known as "Bearcat Stables". The Bearcat Stables License Agreement commenced on January 1, 2022, for a one-year term and shall automatically renew for up to four subsequent one-year terms ending December 31, 2026 unless either party gives the other party written notice at least 60 day prior notice of the current term.

The incremental borrowing rate at the commencement of the agreement was 3.25%. During 2022, the District recognized \$24,950 in lease revenue and \$4,173 in interest revenue in the governmental fund. Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal		nterest	Total		
2023	\$	\$ 26,527		3,425	\$	29,952	
2024		28,599		2,553		31,152	
2025		30,803		1,597		32,400	
2026		33,119		577		33,696	
Total	\$	\$ 119,048		8,152	\$	127,200	

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Increases	Increases Decreases				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 7,285,224	\$-	\$-	\$ 7,285,224			
Total Capital Assets,							
Not Being Depreciated	7,285,224	-	-	7,285,224			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings	5,640,704	-	-	5,640,704			
Improvements	4,872,947	1,306,395	1,145,556	5,033,786			
Infrastructure	18,823,959	693,111	7,287,178	12,229,892			
Vehicles and Equipment	4,017,970	561,157	359,139	4,219,988			
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated	33,355,580	2,560,663	8,791,873	27,124,370			
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings	5,020,190	221,502	-	5,241,692			
Improvements	4,055,822	203,562	1,145,556	3,113,828			
Infrastructure	14,810,401	433,474	7,287,178	7,956,697			
Vehicles and Equipment	3,127,158	412,590	359,139	3,180,609			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	27,013,571	1,271,128	8,791,873	19,492,826			
Total Capital Assets, Being		.,,		,			
Depreciated, Net	6,342,009	1,289,535	-	7,631,544			
Governmental Activities	,,,	,,		,,.			
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 13,627,233	\$ 1,289,535	\$-	\$ 14,916,768			

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 1,271,128
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental	
Activities	\$ 1,271,128

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in general long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	_	Balance at cember 31, 2021		Additions		F	Reductions	-	alance at cember 31, 2022
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Obligation Loan/									
Bonds Payable:									
CMD Series 2012	\$	1,010,000	\$		-	\$	1,010,000	\$	-
CMMD Series 2015		240,000			-		240,000		-
CMMD Series 2017B		465,000	_		-		465,000		-
Total	\$	1,715,000	\$		-	\$	1,715,000	\$	-

The detail of the District's long-term obligation is as follows:

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 – Cordillera Metropolitan District

The District issued \$6,500,000 of General Obligation Refunding Loan dated December 3, 2012 with an interest rate of 2.24%, payable on June 1 and December 1. The principal on the bonds is payable on December 1 and matured in various increments through 2022. Proceeds from the loan issuance were used to advance refund all of the Cordillera Metropolitan District Series 2002 Bonds. The Series 2012 Bonds and interest thereon are deemed to be paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 1, 2022.

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 – Cordillera Mountain Metropolitan District

The District issued \$1,650,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds dated May 18, 2015 with an interest rate of 2.05%, payable on June 1 and December 1. The principal on the bonds is payable on December 1 and matured in various increments through 2022. Proceeds from the Bond issuance were used to advance refund the Series 2002A Bonds with a present value savings of \$212,384. The Series 2015 Bonds and interest thereon are deemed to be paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 1, 2022.

General Obligation Refunding Loan Series 2017B – Colorado Mountain Metropolitan District

The District issued \$3,470,000 of General Obligation Refunding Loan dated September 12, 2017 with and interest rate of 2.18%. The principal on the Loan is payable on December 1 of each year and matured in 2022. The proceeds from the Loan issue were used to advance refund Series 2006A Bonds. The Series 2017B Loan and interest thereon are deemed to be paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 1, 2022.

NOTE 7 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had net investments in capital assets as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net Investment in Capital Assets	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 14,916,768
Total	\$ 14,916,768

Restricted assets include net position that is restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

	 vernmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 155,000
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 155,000

The District's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2022 is \$4,109,196.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS

Water Service Agreement

The District, the Edwards Metropolitan District and the Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority are parties to an Amended and Restated Water Service Agreement dated March 25, 2004 (the Water Service Agreement), concerning the provision of treated water to the area within the District. The Water Service Agreement provides that the Water Authority shall provide water service to the property within the District up to a maximum of 1,685 single family equivalent units, equal to 1,522 sfes for residential uses and 136 sfes for commercial uses. Water rights and system infrastructure serving the District were originally owned by the Squaw Creek Metropolitan District and were transferred to the District in 2003. These assets were further transferred to the Water Authority in 2004 and 2014. Water users within the District pay periodic water service charges to the Water Authority. Under the Water Services Agreement, in 2004, the District paid to the Water Authority \$882,500 to be used by the Water Authority for the purchase and/or lease of water rights sufficient to augment current rights held to extent necessary to accommodate future growth within the District. In 2007 the District received a refund of \$520,340 from the Water Authority pursuant to the agreement.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Retirement Plan

The District participates in the Security Benefit, multiple-employer public employee retirement systems that are qualified plans as defined by IRS Code Section 401(A) and 457 and Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) 24.54. The plans provide retirement benefits through a defined contribution plan to participating counties, municipalities, and special districts. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings. There are no unfunded past service liabilities. All full-time and part-time regular employees are required to participate in the 401(A) plan after approximately one month of service. The District contributes 6.20% of employee compensation, excluding overtime and bonuses. The employee is required to contribute an amount at least equal to the District's contribution. District employees may also choose to participate in the 457 plan. The District provides a match of 100.00% of employee contributions up to 5.00% of compensation, to the 457 plan up to the annual IRS limits on individual contributions. Actual Contributions amounted to \$84,894 during 2022.

The District and employees each made the required 6.20% minimum contributions to the 401(A) plan in 2022 of \$336,856. Required contribution rates may be amended within the statutory limits by the Board of Directors of the District.

NOTE 9 CORDILLERA PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION

Land Lease

On January 1, 2004, the District entered into a 99-year Land Lease for \$1 per year with Cordillera Property Owners Association (the Association) that allows the Association use of the described "Premises". The Land Lease shall continue on a year-to-year basis after 99 years if the Association remains possession of the premises and continues to pay rent.

Services Agreement

Effective November 1, 2022, the District entered into a Services Agreement with the Association for the provision of certain services to the Association in exchange for compensation to the District. The Service Agreement terminates on October 31, 2023. The District received cash of \$-0- for services under the agreement during 2022. The Association owes the District \$-0- at December 31, 2022.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 11 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20; commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

Further, the District's operations and maintenance mill levy may be adjusted to: (i) account for changes in law or the method by which assessed valuations are calculated, and (ii) offset any property tax cut or limit which is mandated by the state constitution.

On November 4, 2003, the District's electors approved a ballot question which permits the District to impose a mill levy for operations, maintenance and other expenses sufficient to generate a maximum of \$2,700,000 in revenues in collection year 2004 and every year thereafter. Such taxes may increase as allowed by Sections 29-1-301 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, which generally permits annual increases of no more than 5.5%. Further, the District's operations and maintenance mill levy may be adjusted to: (i) account for changes in law or the method by which assessed valuations are calculated, and (ii) offset any property tax cut or limit which is mandated by the state constitution.

On November 4, 2008 the District's electors approved a ballot question authorizing the district to collect, retain and spend the full amount of all taxes, tax increment revenues, tap fees, park fees, facility fees, service charges, inspection charges, administrative charges, contract payments, grants or any other fee, rate, toll, penalty or charge authorized by law or contract to be imposed collected received by the district in 2008 and each fiscal year thereafter without regard to any spending, revenue-raising or other limitations imposed by TABOR or Colorado law.

NOTE 11 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Bud	dget			Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Original	Final	Amounts			(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Property Taxes	\$	907,250	\$	951,440	\$	951,440	\$	-	
Specific Ownership Taxes	÷	47,750	Ŧ	51,581	Ŧ	51,581	Ŧ	-	
Transfer from CPOA		74,118		-		-		-	
Other Income		-		10,000		-		(10,000)	
Net Investment Income		-		16,848		16,848		-	
Total Revenues		1,029,118		1,029,869		1,019,869		(10,000)	
EXPENDITURES									
Bond Interest		22.938		22.877		22.877		-	
Bond Principal		1,010,000		1,010,000		1,010,000		-	
County Treasurer's Fees		19,100		28,609		28,609		-	
Contingency				10,000		-		10,000	
Total Expenditures		1,052,038		1,071,486		1,061,486		10,000	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(22,920)		(41,617)		(41,617)		-	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in (Out)		-		(226,508)		(226,508)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(226,508)		(226,508)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(22,920)		(268,125)		(268,125)		-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		64,535		268,125		268,125		-	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	41,615	\$		\$	-	\$	-	

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CORDILLERA MOUNTAIN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budget					Actual		iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final	/	Amounts	۸)	legative)
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	541.500	\$	568,409	\$	568,409	\$	_
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ŧ	28,500	Ŧ	30.785	Ŧ	30,785	Ŧ	-
Other Income		-		10,000		-		(10,000)
Net Investment Income		-		11,376		11,376		-
Total Revenues		570,000		620,570		610,570		(10,000)
EXPENDITURES								
Bond Interest		15,057		15,170		15,170		-
Bond Principal		705,000		705,000		705,000		-
County Treasurer's Fees		11,400		17,075		17,075		-
Contingency		-		10,000		-		10,000
Total Expenditures		731,457		747,245		737,245		10,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				(100.075)		(100.075)		
EXPENDITURES		(161,457)		(126,675)		(126,675)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In (Out)		_		(170,273)		(170,273)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(170,273)		(170,273)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(161,457)		(296,948)		(296,948)		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		174,048		296,948		296,948		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	12,591	\$		\$		\$	

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budget Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
		ginai						oguaro/
REVENUES Net Investment Income Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	1,500 1,500	\$	<u>375</u> 375	\$	(1,125) (1,125)
EXPENDITURES Reimbursement Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>		333,531 333,531		332,406 332,406		1,125 1,125
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		(332,031)		(332,031)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (Out) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(80) (80)		(80) (80)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(332,111)		(332,111)		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		-		332,111		332,111		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$		\$	

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	а	Original Ind Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Water Tap Fees	\$	-	\$ 199,120	\$	199,120	
Total Revenues		-	199,120		199,120	
EXPENDITURES						
Administration		28,500	17,659		10,841	
Bearcat Stables		183,000	173,371		9,629	
Community Operations		16,000	12,487		3,513	
Engineering		12,000	12,288		(288)	
Equestrian Center		43,000	59,458		(16,458)	
Equipment Purchases		490,638	575,260		(84,622)	
Gateway and Wayfinding		655,000	644,021		10,979	
IT		21,240	26,424		(5,184)	
Road Program		764,000	693,009		70,991	
Trails and Community Parks		428,000	 411,886		16,114	
Total Expenditures		2,641,378	 2,625,863		15,515	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,641,378)	(2,426,743)		214,635	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In (Out)		2,641,378	2,641,378		-	
Sale of Equipment		-	34,000		34,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,641,378	2,675,378		34,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	248,635		248,635	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		755,977	 773,617		17,640	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	755,977	\$ 1,022,252	\$	266,275	

OTHER INFORMATION

CORDILLERA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT FIVE YEAR SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for	Mills L	evied					
	Current Year		Debt					Percent
Year Ended	Property Tax	General	Service		Total Prop	erty	Taxes	Collected
December 31,	Levy	Fund	Fund		Levied		Collected	to Levied
Cordillera Metropolita	n District							
2018	\$ 76.792.530	_	21.919	\$	1.683.215	\$	1.675.077	99.52%
2010	76,496,570	_	24.733	Ψ	1,891,990	ψ	1,864,434	98.54
2020	73,789,960	-	13.552		1,000,002		990,684	99.07
2021	73,966,590	-	13.552		1,002,395		1.001.098	99.87
2022	84,993,090	-	11.242		955,492		951,440	99.58
Cordillera Mountain M			~~~~					a a a = a /
2018	\$ 19,864,220	-	39.979	\$	794,152	\$	793,152	99.87%
2019	19,913,790	-	45.195		900,004		900,003	100.00
2020	19,027,630	-	39.154		745,008		717,536	96.31
2021	18,948,510	-	39.154		741,910		757,378	102.08
2022	19,039,100	-	29.938		569,993		568,409	99.72
Cordillera Metropolita	n District (Consolidat	ed)						
2018	\$ 94,856,760	41.598	-	\$	3,945,852	\$	3,929,061	99.57%
2019	94.611.250	44.284	-	·	4.189.765	·	4,168,492	99.49
2020	90,695,930	48.736	-		4,420,157		4,439,776	100.44
2021	91,098,490	48.736	-		4,439,776		4,459,898	100.45
2022	102,261,540	46.039	-		4,708,019		4,688,981	99.60
Estimate for Year Ending December 31,	* 404 000 000	45 400		¢	4 000 000			
2023	\$ 101,629,260	45.468		\$	4,620,880			